WYOMING CROP PROGRESS



United States Department of Agriculture
NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE
WYOMING FIELD OFFICE



P.O. BOX 150969 · Lakewood, CO 80215-0969

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE November 6, 2023

Contact: Leslee Lohrenz (800) 392-3202

CROP PROGRESS AND CONDITION WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 5, 2023

AGRICULTURAL SUMMARY: A combination of varying temperatures and moderate rainfall led to 6.1 days suitable for fieldwork across Wyoming during the week, according to the Mountain Regional Field Office of the National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA. As the fall season advances, harvest progress was nearing completion for most crops throughout the State. According to the High Plains Regional Climate Center (HPRCC), temperatures across the State were varied, ranging from 6 degrees below normal to 6 degrees above average. Many counties saw temperatures averaging near-normal. Rainfall was scattered and total accumulations varied. The northwestern corner of the State received as much as 3 inches during the week, while the rest of the State received half an inch, at most. Many areas received no measurable rainfall. Reports from Carbon County indicated the cold and wet spring and summer caused the grass to have a lower nutritional value, causing higher than average open cows at pregnancy checking. Platte County reporters noted that above average temperatures, no rainfall, and increased winds received during the week helped dry out their corn, and has made good sugarbeet harvesting conditions for the county. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor for October 31, Wyoming was free from severe (D2) drought or worse, although about 2 percent of Wyoming was categorized in a moderate drought (D1), and 3 percent of Wyoming was categorized as abnormally dry (D0). Drought-free conditions were at 95 percent. Hay and roughage supplies were rated 1 percent very short, 16 percent short, 73 percent adequate, and 10 percent surplus. Stock water supplies across Wyoming were rated 1 percent very short, 14 percent short, and 85 percent adequate, compared with 6 percent short, and 94 percent adequate last week.

CROP PROGRESS					
Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	
Alfalfa hay	,	, ,	" ,	,	
3 rd cutting	89	86	98	NA	
Corn					
Dented	95	93	NA	NA	
Mature	89	82	NA	NA	
Harvested for silage	86	81	NA	NA	
Harvested for grain	32	13	39	51	
Dry beans					
Harvested	91	85	NA	NA	
Other hay					
2 nd cutting	73	71	NA	NA	
Sugarbeets					
Harvested	91	81	NA	NA	
Winter wheat					
Emerged	94	91	94	NA	

NA – not available

(--) – zero

	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
Days suitable for fieldwork	6.1	5.9	5.2	5.3
Topsoil moisture	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Very short	4	4	43	23
Short	35	40	37	33
Adequate	44	47	19	40
Surplus	17	9	1	4
Subsoil moisture				
Very short	8	5	49	29
Short	40	49	37	38
Adequate	35	37	13	32
Surplus	17	9	1	1

NA – not available

(--) – zero

CROP. LIVESTOCK.	PASTURE A	AND RANGE	CONDITION
CROF. LIVES I OCK.	PASIUNE	AIND RAINGE	CONDITION

Commodity	Current week	Previous week	Previous year	5-year average
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Corn				
Very poor				NA
Poor	1	1		NA
Fair	13	13	7	NA
Good	85	85	93	NA
Excellent	1	1		NA
Pasture and range				
Very poor	1		14	20
Poor	7	6	33	24
Fair	22	22	31	34
Good	68	72	22	20
Excellent	2			2
Winter wheat				_
Very poor	4	4	4	4
Poor	7	9	23	12
Fair	55	42	59	35
Good	33	41	14	46
Excellent	1	4		3
Livestock				
Very poor				
Poor	1	1	1	2
Fair	1	3	20	17
Good	91	96	78	78
Excellent	7		1	3

NA – not available (--) – zero